MIGRANT HOSTEL Parkes, 1949-51

No one kept count of all the comings and goings arrivals of newcomers in busloads from the station, sudden departures from adjoining blocks that left us wondering who would be coming next.

Nationalities sought each other out instinctively like a homing pigeon circling to get its bearings; years and name-places recognised by accents, partitioned off at night by memories of hunger and hate.

For over two years we lived like birds of passage always sensing a change in the weather: unaware of the season whose track we would follow.

A barrier at the main gate sealed off the highway from our doorstep as it rose and fell like a finger pointed in reprimand or shame; and daily we passed underneath or alongside it needing its sanction to pass in and out of lives that had only begun or were dying.

SAILING TO AUSTRALIA 1949

1

Tired, embittered, wary of each other like men whose death sentences have been commuted, they turned their faces from a shore none of them could forget.

2

Leaving from a Displaced Persons' Camp in Germany, we travelled south by train into Italy.

Coming through Austria I remember walking between carriages, seeing aeroplanes lying broken in a forest their yellow and black camouflage like a butterfly's torn wings.

3

Through grey mornings and long afternoons of drizzle we lay and talked of graves that nobody was prepared to enter argued about war, disguised nationalities

and the absence of sea birds from who we always watched. And all the time someone, sooner or later, remarking: 'Nearly, nearly there.'

Though officially tagged and photographed to the satisfaction of braided uniforms we had no names a tattooed number or the gold fillings in a heart to be disclosed only to St Peter at The Gates.

For all it mattered, where kinship or affiliations were concerned, each of us could have been an empty bullet shell or prints left by a scavenger bird around a piece of bone. Each face became a set of facts a situation to be associated with only while the voyage lasted.

5

Even the worst weather became an ally to whom confidences and sorrows were readily confided disinherited, self-exiled, homeless as a river without banks, people turned their backs and minds upon the fallen godhead of a country's majesty, quietly embracing comfort in every drop of salt that crystallised into manna on their tongues and in their eyes; often, waiting until the moon appeared like a promised sign and the ship might leave the water to a Castle of Dreams in the clouds before they went to sleep.

5

On arrival, a great uneasiness filled the ship unspoken, misunderstood, as a Union Jack was hung across the landing dock.

While the solemnity of a basking sea lion a government interpreter held a loudspeaker at arm's length telling us, in his own broken accents, why we should fell proud to have arrived, without mishap, in Australia, on Armistice Day.

SCARBOROUGH CEMETERY

Our thoughts, reflecting the fears that we suppressed, turned our eyes to the road ahead and searched the arc of bay to comment on fishing boats and weather. Within a few seconds and words we passed the headstones: marble and red brickwork that sea winds scourged; forgot the three people huddled on the sloping headland, heads bowed, as a drizzle started and stopped, and dead flowers swept across the ditches like paper scraps.

Miles further back on the highway the sun had reappeared a dozen or more reflections on windows that caught; but the wind had brought no quick flashes here: only the spray of a thousand rivers to wash the thoughts of three people down the graveyards of the mind, to headlands not discovered, over landforms undefined.

BUSHFIRES AT KUNGHUR

The fires burned for weeks on end. In paddocks where they were put out logs smouldered for days afterwards. Farmers talked about how long before there was rain—this wasn't the west, but north, east of the ranges, away from flocks of nuisance galahs.

Water tanks were down, banana plantations dying under a haze of smoke sunlight piercing weatherboards and tin roofs; water being pumped from the creek and river. Cattle, hand-fed in silence.

This day the lizards were out in dozens: heads up, immobile like an Aztec warrior with a frilled ornament around its neck, one would rear up and flee on its back legs as your approaching wheels broke the dome of sunlight protecting it.

As evening fell the wind turned west. Fires dotted the range like rubies in Persephone's crown men returned by ashes and soil, cursing fire-breaks and ruined crops.

Little pepper-grey moths flew out of the bushes, desperate against the cold panes, thirsty for light.

MOTHER AND SON

I must be less than eighteen months old naked, in my mother's arms, face pressed against hers as if danger was nearby.

We're standing in an empty field with a hill in the background. Thistles and weeds grow around us, at our feet. The sky's a total blank.

With my arms wrapped around her neck she is smiling a smile of pure love. You can see it in her eyes. Her feet are planted firmly on the ground. Her floral dress hangs in folds. There is something courageous in the way she stands.

The setting is a Displaced Persons' camp in northern Germany after the end of World War II. She has no husband and I have no father. Does it make a difference to how we feel?

Fifty-two years later, on the night before she dies, my mother will tell me his name and the details of our lives. (While she spoke I asked few questions was content to let her say what she wanted to and what she didn't . . .)

All that matters to me is that smile of pure love; all the money in the world couldn't buy it and it would never be for sale.

Today, I stare for hours at the photograph and wonder who took it and why, of a mother standing with her son in her arms, in a Displaced Persons' camp in northern Germany after there's been a World War in a field of weeds and thistles, under a blank sky.

FLYING FOXES

With the hot summer rains they came out of the forest, crying like lost souls against a December moon that offered

no respite or refuge from the secrets they carried to unburden themselves from in the darkness of river gorges—

or clung, to mango and pawpaw, while stars pierced their tongues and breezes mercilessly whipped them on

from tree to tree, valley to valley, as midnight faded slowly into a Hades of sunlight and the flying foxes

were gone from yet another night, here, in the season of jagged hail that stoned down upon flame-tree and poincianas

while people talked of petals flowing like blood past doorsteps and along the road. When sheet lightning tore the sky

the same people prayed, closed windows, turned off lights and waited tensely until the fury of winds passed

deeper into the mountains—then prepared meals as if a holocaust was at hand; though, at evening, children were allowed outside

to imitate the screams of flying foxes—out to where every tree stood like a Tower of Famine that would always reach.

ANCESTORS

Who are these shadows that hang over you in a dream the bearded, faceless men standing shoulder to shoulder?

What secrets do they whisper into the darkness why do their eyes never close?

Where do they point to from the circle around you to what star do their footprints lead?

Behind them are mountains, the sounds of a river, a moonlit plain of grasses and sand.

Why do they never speak—how long is their wait to be?

Why do you wake as their faces become clearer your tongue dry as caked mud?

From across the plain where sand and grasses never stir the wind tastes of blood.

THE POLISH IMMIGRANT

He has grown tired of the clichéd pronunciation of his name countering the inadvertent 'How d' yer . . . ?' that humour or rudeness asks,

a few vowels and tooth-grinding consonants that must be phonetically rehearsed alone or at night,

to forestall jibes, embarrassments, false curiousity the wasted time that a Handbook-and-Timetable devotee provokes.

Yes, he would argue, there must be places in history where land or heritage asks no exile of the children it nourishes and helps to breed,

where a name's not laughed at, reviled or twisted like some gross truth or as yet unnamed, imported European disease.

So, he asks, Tell me of Strzlecki, count-turned-explorer beside whose name a creek flows through the deserts of South Australia?

Or why a mountain, peaked with snow, should resemble a tomb and be named Kosciuszko?

Their eyes narrow, nostrils quaver the seconds between them toll.

Deeply breathing their mouths open darkly and groper-slow.

HUNTING RABBITS

The men would often go hunting rabbits in the countryside around the hostel with guns and traps and children following in the sunlight of afternoon paddocks: marvelling in their native tongues at the scent of eucalypts all around.

We never asked where the guns came from or what was done with them later: as each rifle's echo cracked through the hills and a rabbit would leap as if jerked on a wire through the air or, watching hands release a trap then listening to a neck being broken.

Later, I could never bring myself to watch the animals being skinned and gutted—

excitedly talking about the ones that escaped and how white tails bobbed among brown tussocks. For days afterwards our rooms smelt of blood and fur as the meat was cooked in pots over a kerosene primus.

But eat I did, and asked for more, as I learnt about the meaning of rations and the length of queues in dining halls as well as the names of trees from the surrounding hills that always seemed to be flowering with wattles: growing less and less frightened by gunshots and what the smell of gunpowder meant quickly learning to walk and keep up with men who strode through strange hills as if their migration had still not come to an end.

BILLYCART DAYS

He rode the red dust roads as a kid in a billycart built from a fruitbox along with other kids like himself who lived on hope and laughter pointing their capguns at galahs and crows that circled peppercorn trees in a sky as blue as an exotic bird's eggshell.

Time was a neverending road that ran between Parkes and the rest of the world: Orange, Bathurst, Lithgow the beautiful Blue Mountains he remembered crossing once in a train that blew smoke from its funnel. Beyond them lay Sydney and its harbour.

Barefoot, head-down, pushing along one of his playmates from the migrant camp he'd laugh to see the billycart go freewheeling down a path or hill as others tried to pile in—squealing as the wheels wobbled and they couldn't stop because it didn't have a break.

Dust in the eyes, dust in the mouth, none of it mattered to them just as long as they were all together at the end of those long hot days and there was a drink of cold cordial for them. It didn't matter who took the billycart home because they'd all be back for it tomorrow.

Fifty years later none of it's vanished because the red dust roads of Parkes run like blood in his veins: past the remains of the migrant camp fenced off with steel posts and barbed wire whose concrete foundation slabs lie broken and bleaching in the sun:

- where thistles have been poisoned
- so the site resembles a wasteland,
- where there's no trace of the billycart
- or the lives it carried-
- but where the surrounding hills echo
- with the cries of crows, galahs, children's laughter
- as fragile as an exotic bird's eggshell.

IN BASHO'S HOUSE for Gillian Mears

In Basho's house there are no walls, no roof, floors or pathway nothing to show

where it is, yet you can enter from any direction through a door that's always open.

You hear voices though no one is near you you'll listen without knowing you do.

Time and time you get up to greet a stranger coming towards you. No one ever appears.

Hours and seasons lose their names as do passing clouds. Rising moon and setting sun no longer cast shadows.

Sounds drift in like effortless breathing frogsplash, birdsong, echoes of your own footsteps.

It all ceases to exist in Basho's housethe place you've entered without knowing you've taken a step.

Sit down. Breathe in, breathe out. Close your tired eyes. Basho is sitting beside you a guest in his own house.

RED TREES

Impossible not to see them once you cross the railway bridge and enter Memorial Avenue the rows of red trees along the cemetery's perimeter:

maples, claret ash, liquid ambers cotoneasters where rosellas hang upside-down and feast on berries like clots of blood.

The breath of next month's winter hangs over them already but they seem intent on proving that winter is a lie that neither winds nor frosts are permanent afflictions and disappear as quickly as they arrive.

A family that I once boarded with at Jeogla lies buried beside these trees—mother, father, son, grandmother: all "born and bred" in New England where I came to work and left when the work was done where I once considered settling down but didn't for reasons I still can't explain.

The mother dead at ninety-three years of age, the father at seventy; grandmother at eighty-five and the son at twenty-four. On his headstone it reads, "Accidentally killed 16th February 1972." All of them buried In Loving Memory Of. What can I do but pray ? Or be content to live on the memory of a single day when we sat down and ate a meal together ?

The wind pauses and brings a moment's peace but still leaves my questions unanswered hanging from the branches of red trees.

Leaving a ground strewn with decaying leaves I leave Memorial Avenue and walk back towards the railway bridge.

WORK CARD

My father's "Arbeitskarte" or Work Card is the only surviving document that I have from his five years in forced labour in Germany after he was taken prisoner at bayonet-point from his village in Poland by the Wehrmacht.

His photo resembles a mug shot. Lined up against a wall; an i.d. number pinned to his lapel; fingerprinted; his signature in indelible pencil.

His jacket is crumpled. His surname is misspelt as "Skcznecki".

Although a prisoner he was "permitted" to work for the Third Reich and money would be sent each month to his family in Poland. According to the handwritten amounts and stamps on the reverse side of the Work Card in five years it was sent seven times;

but it's the photograph that intrigues me the most, even now, sixteen years after his death: the way his eyes stare into the camera and beyond it. Maybe he remembers soldiers spilling from trucks to round up farmers, barking orders, prodding them with bayonet-tipped rifles, promising them work, hope, lying about their futures in Germany—

or maybe, in that detached look, he's realised that he will never return to the country where he was born.

REPAIRING OUR SHOES

1

For many years after arriving in Australia my father repaired our shoes himself partly as a way of saving money and partly for reasons I didn't understand.

2

From the hardware store he'd buy materials nails, soles, glue, twine, needle, awl, steel tips shaped like crescent moons a cast-iron shoe-last that resembled a clawed hand and could have been a relic dug out of the earth.

3

On Saturdays when he didn't go to work, he'd sit at his bench in the garage and repair our shoes which such concentration it was hard not to notice even when he stopped to "roll his own" and pat the dog beside him.

I knew he'd been a farmer and slaughterman from hearing my parents talk; but this skill for repairing shoes was never discussed and I never asked questions about where he'd learnt the tradeeven when he stopped doing it and his tools were cleaned and put away.

4

I no longer watched the careful trimming of leather and rubber soles no longer heard the tap-tapping sound of a hammer on small nails; no longer watched honey-coloured glue poured from a small thick-glass bottle like a medication.

Perhaps shoes became cheaper to buy or have repaired professionally or he believed we deserved better than what his ageing hands could repair. He stepped back from it as if it never happened.

5

Today, all that remains of those tools is that shoe-last stored in my garage, unbroken still looking like a prehistoric relic, outliving those early years.

TRANSLATED INTO POLISH

I wonder what my parents would say knowing my poems and short stories are being translated and published in Poland back to the language I grew up with before I learned to speak and write in English.

Thought I've lived in Australia for fifty-five years I sometimes still feel out of place—having become the traveller who doesn't want to return after he makes a trip to Europe.

Looking at the translated works it's impossible not to see the irony knowing that Polish is the language I'm quickly forgetting since both my parents have died, finding myself more and more of a stranger to Polish nouns and verbs every time I have to use them correctly.

One part of me says it's terrific about the translated works. Another part asks, 'Does it really matter?' Goes on to ask more questions about identity and fate and why my life ended up in Australia. I think of my birth at the end of World War II and snippets of history from it enter my head as if they had a hidden agenda: Dresden, Warsaw, Stalingrad, the fall of Berlin the railway tracks leading to a death camp in Poland over whose gates the sign read, Arbeit Macht Frei.

"Now there's an irony," the first voice says, "Thank your lucky stars your parents took you on a railway journey that lead to a ship that sailed to Australia. Listen to the stories and poems translated into Polish. You will hear the voices of your parents."

BIRTHPLACE

My thoughts walked ahead of me and nothing was spoken the whole time — almost as if the elements had requested that the visit be conducted in silence: out of respect for the glory of the European summer that blazed down on Germany like a branding iron.

Nothing forced me to return. Nothing forced its presence upon me, seen or unseen, as I walked into the valley that a stream ran through and wildflowers dotted the hillside like tiny precious stones. Doves cooed from a nearby farm loft.

War was still being waged when I was born here more than forty years ago though nationalities knew the end was being liberated not far away and the migration into the future had already begun: the pall of smoke and ash lifting off Europe, drifting over the North Sea and into the sanctuary of the stars.

The room offered me its dampness, its dank smell of timber and vegetation giant maps of mildew spread across repainted walls and a cracked ceiling that looked down on an earthen floor: that invited me to stand closer and discover the exact spot where I stood in time and space.

I said nothing. Did nothing.

It was almost as if I didn't exist disbelieving that I had travelled from Australia only to hear my heart beating so fast:

wondering if my thoughts would stop now like parents that had left a child behind and waited for it to catch up and the reasons for my abandonment might be explained at last.

FELIKS SKRZYNECKI

My gentle father Kept pace only with the Joneses Of his own mind's making -Loved his garden like an only child, Spent years walking its perimeter From sunrise to sleep. Alert, brisk and silent, He swept its paths Ten times around the world.

Hands darkened From cement, fingers with cracks Like the sods he broke, I often wondered how he existed On five or six hours' sleep each night -Why his arms didn't fall off From the soil he turned And tobacco he rolled.

His Polish friends Always shook hands too violently, I thought... Feliks Skrzynecki, That formal address I never got used to. Talking, they reminisced About farms where paddocks flowered With corn and wheat, Horses they bred, pigs They were skilled in slaughtering. Five years of forced labour in Germany Did not dull the softness of his blue eyes

I never once heard Him complain of work, the weather Or pain. When twice They dug cancer out of his foot, His comment was: 'but I'm alive'.

Growing older, I

Remember words he taught me, Remnants of a language I inherited unknowingly -The curse that damned A crew-cut, grey-haired Department clerk Who asked me in dancing-bear grunts: 'Did your father ever attempt to learn English?'

On the back steps of his house, Bordered by golden cypress, Lawns - geraniums younger Than both parents, My father sits out the evening With his dog, smoking, Watching stars and street lights come on, Happy as I have never been.

At thirteen,

Stumbling over tenses in Caesar's Gallic War, I forgot my first Polish word. He repeated it so I never forgot. After that, like a dumb prophet, Watched me pegging my tents Further and further south of Hadrian's Wall.